

UCR

Universidad de Costa Rica Sede Occidente CIUDAD UNVIERSITARIA "Carlos Monge Alfaro" DEPARTAMENTO DE FILOSOFÍA, ARTES Y LETRAS SECCIÓN LENGUAS MODERNAS CARRERA: BACH. EN LA ENSEÑANZA DEL INGLÉS

Second Semester 2010	IO-5500 American (U.S.) Literature	Instructor: M.Ed. Tamatha Rabb Andrews	
COURSE CONTENTS & DISTRIBUTION	TUESDAYS 1:00 - 4:50 P.M.	Office Hours for Attending Students: TBA	
(Tentative)	Requirements: IO-5220 Oral Communication 3	Office #: 11 Office Phone: 2437-9923	
	Credits: 3 Hours of class time: 4	Cell Phone: 8836-4247 e-mail: tamcambronero@gmail.com	

Course Overview

This course presents a panoramic vision of American (U.S) Literature, beginning with traditional literature from the XVIII (18th) century and culminating to the drama of present day.

Este curso presenta una visión panorámica de la Literatura Estadounidense, iniciando con la tradicional literatura del siglo XVIII y culminando con su situación actual.

Course Objectives: At	the end of the a	course students will	he canable of
course objectives. At		course, students win	De capable of.

 1.1To differentiate between different genres and literary figures. Diferenciar los diferentes géneros y figuras literarias. 1.2To recognize the features of modern drama in North American literature. Reconocer las características del drama moderno en la literatura estadounidense.
 2.1 To know important aspects on the lives of principal authors and their most important works from each literary era. Conocer aspectos importantes de la vida de los principales autores y sus más prominentes obras en la cada una de las eras de la literatura. 2.2 To identify the different literary figures within diverse contexts. Identificar las diferentes figuras literarias en contextos diversos. 2.3 To identify North American authors within the literary periods that characterized their works. Identificar autores(as) norteamericanos(as) con los periodos literarios que caracterizan sus obras.

3. To have a clear concept of the	3.1 To characterize the different literary periods in
development of American (U.S) Literature.	American (U.S.) Literature. Caracterizar los diferentes períodos de la literatura estadounidense.
Tener un concepto claro del desarrollo de la literatura estadounidense.	 3.2 To identify the repercussions found within the most noteworthy social-historical events in each literary period. Identificar las repercusiones de los acontecimientos socio-históricos más sobresalientes de cada periodo literario. 3.3 To differentiate between the literary periods themselves. Diferenciar los periodos literarios entre si.
 To critically analyze and interpret literary works written by different American authors. Analizar e interpretar críticamente trabajos literarios escritos por diferentes autores estadounidenses. 	 4.1 To analyze literary works of different principle authors in each era of American Literature. 4.2 To recognize the major exponents within American (U.S.) Literature based upon the style and themes of the literary works. Reconocer los y las mayores exponentes de la literatura norteamericana de acuerdo al estilo y temas de sus obras. 4.3 To execute close analysis of North American literary works taking into account: characterization, theme(s), tone, type of narrator, as well as other literary elements. Realizar análisis de obras literarios de autores norteamericanos tomando en cuenta la caracterización de personajes, tema, tono, tipo de narrador, entre otros aspectos.

Course Contents/Contenidos del Curso

 Introduction to the study of Literature: defining terms
 Literary Genres
 Literary Figures
 The New Land
 Literary Nationalism
 American Classics
 Introduction to the study of Literary Poetry
 Variations and Departure
 Variations and Departure
 The Modern Temper
 American Theater in the Twentieth Century
 New Frontiers
 American Fiction
 American Poetry

Teaching Methodology

The instructor will present introductory material and will guide the students in commentaries, discussions, and analysis of the assigned readings. Student preparation for and participation in class is vital. Students will express their ideas and opinions individually and in groups both orally and written formats on different literary works and on the American authors who wrote them.

Metodología: La profesora presentará material introductorio y guiará a los comentarios, discusiones y análisis de las lecturas asignadas a los y las estudiantes. La preparación para y la participación en clase por parte de los y las estudiantes es fundamental. Los y las estudiantes expresarán sus ideas y opiniones tanto en forma oral como escrita sobre diferentes obras literarias estadounidenses y sus autores, individualmente y en grupos.

Schedule of Topics

Sess	ion / Date	Content	Students presentations/ due dates	Assignments
1	Aug 10 th	- Ice Breaker	Note: The Literary Period	Read Anthology
-		- Course Syllabus	Presentations will be offered on the course Reading Blog. Once you receive the blog invite by email, choose the period you wish to present & post on the blog itself.	Рр. 1-20
2	Aug 17 th		FEES March – no class	Read My Antonia Pp. 1-29
3	Aug 24 th	Lecture on the Earliest Days		Read Anthology Pp. 22-30; 59-62
4	Aug 31 st	Lecture on the Earliest Days (cont.)	Presentation #1 The Colonial Period	Read My Antonia Pp. 30-58 Read Anthology Pp.66-80; 87-92 BLOG #1
5	Sept 7 th	Lecture on the Earliest Days (cont.)	Presentation #2 The Revolutionary Period	Read My Antonia Pp. 59-90 Read Anthology Pp. 93-99; 116-124 BLOG #2
6	Sept 14 th		Presentation #3 The American Romanticism	Read My Antonia Pp. 93-123 Read Anthology Pp. 125-137 BLOG #3
7	Sept 21 st	Movie: <i>My Antonia</i>		Read My Antonia Pp. 124-156 Read Anthology Pp.180-186; 226- 227; 234-247 BLOG #4
8	Sept 28 th		Presentation #4 The American Renaissance	Read My Antonia Pp. 157-188 Read Anthology Pp. 248-262 BLOG #5

9	Oct 5 th Oct 12 th	Lecture on The Civil War & Its Aftermath	Deconstation #5	Read My Antonia Pp. 189-207 Read Anthology Pp. 376-390; 402- 403
10		Lecture on The Civil War & Its Aftermath	Presentation #5 The Rise of Realism – The Civil War & Post-War Period	Read My Antonia Pp. 211 to the end of the book Read Anthology Pp. 414-429 BLOG #6
11	Oct 19 th	Movie: Finish <i>My Antonia</i> Lecture on the Regionalism & Realism		Read Our Town Pp. 1- 28 Read Anthology Pp. 494-500; 517- 518; 525-532 BLOG #7
12	Oct 26 th	Lecture on the Beginnings of the Modern Age	Presentation #6 The Moderns – The American Voice in Fiction	Read Our Town Pp. 29-57 Read Anthology Pp. 533- 551 BLOG #8
13	Nov 2 nd	DVD: <i>Our Town</i> Lecture on the Midcentury Voices	Turn in the final essay on <i>My Antonia</i>	Read Our Town Pp. 58-84 Read Anthology Pp. 870-875; 885- 896 BLOG #9
14	Nov 9 th	Lecture on Towards the 21st century	Presentation #7 Fiction – 1945 to the Present	Read Our Town Pp. 85- to the end of the play Read Anthology Pp. 902-910 BLOG #10
15	Nov 16 th	DVD: Our Town		
16	Nov 23 rd		NOTE: These last two sessions have been left empty just in case of class cancelations from the FEES STRIKE or teacher	
17	Nov 30 th		illness. Then the syllabus items will be moved down a week for each cancellation.	

NOTE: Slight changes may occur in the schedule of topics. You are responsible to take note(s) of these changes as they occur.

Nota: puede que hayan pequeñas variaciones en cuanto a DISTRIBUCIÓN DE LOS CONTENIDOS DEL CURSO. Los y las estudiantes serán responsables de tomar nota cuando los mismos se presenten.

EVALUATION

COMPONENTS	PERCENTAGES
Reading Blog Journal (individual) (Complete 10 blog entries based upon the literary works read in this course. See the Course Contents & Distribution section for dates & works.)	20%
Reading Blog comments on fellow students' blogs	20%
Written book analysis paper on My Antonia (groups of two Ss and the possibility of one group of three)	20%
Presentation on One Literary Period and its Noteworthy Authors (groups of two to three Ss.) (First come first serve on your choice of period OR it will be assigned for you)	10%
6 Pop Quizzes (5% each)	30%

Description of Course Assignments/ Descripción de las tareas del curso

- Presentation on one Literary Period and its Noteworthy Authors: Students will present one Literary Period and its Noteworthy Authors in groups of two to three students...NOTE: groups of 3 students will only be considered if all the literary periods have a group to present each of them. (First come... first serve on your choice of Period). Students should take into account the history read when presenting and create a problem solving activity to check the groups understanding of the material as well as create a summary of the material to be posted on the course Reading Blog. <u>Be creative</u> and use technology wherever possible. You have approximately 40 min. of class time for this presentation. Presentations will be graded on the following aspects:
 - Posted summary on the course Reading Blog that contains relevant information about the socio-historical conditions of the period and the corresponding literary productions (2%).
 - Use of creative techniques such as a movie presentation, drama, documentary, talk show(s), etc. (2%).
 - Language performance (2%) will be evaluated as well content (2%), evaluation activity (1%)
 & presentation techniques (1%).
- ✓ Essay: Students are to read one novel, *My Antonia*. Students are to research the reading (author, era, etc) on the web and other sources and compare the book to the movie. The five to six paragraph essay must contain the following elements:
 - Introduction with an attention grabber (1%) at the beginning of the paragraph, relevant background information (1%) in the middle, and a clear thesis statement (2%) towards the end.
 - 3 to 4 body paragraphs with clearly written topic sentences that correspond with the thesis statement (3%). Body paragraphs must have 3 supports (4%) for each topic sentence and have a concluding statement (4%) at the end of each paragraph. Body paragraphs should NOT contain opinions of the writers.
 - A concluding paragraph which relates the analysis to what one should learn from it. This paragraph contains the writers' opinions (1%)
 - Essays will also be graded on one's language usage (2%) and content (2%)

- Reading Blog Journal: The purpose of the journal is to record ones reactions, feelings, ideas, observations, and questions that come up as you read the literary works. You may wish to copy a favorite sentence or key passage. You may wish to respond by drawing a picture occasionally instead of writing. Just remember that the journal is for you to relate the readings to your own life experiences. Reading Blog Journal entries will not be graded on grammar, punctuation, or spelling, but on effort and content. Students complete 10 blog entries for each literary section. See the Course Contents & Distribution section for dates & works. In the heading of each entry include the following items: Title of Literary Work, Date read, and Level of Difficulty of Selection in your opinion (easy, not too easy but not too hard, hard, impossible for me to understand). Journal entries must be entered into the blog no later than 24 hours before the next class session. Reading Blog Journals are individual homework assignments. (2% for each blog)
- ✓ Weekly Comments: Ss are to read the blogs posted no later than 12 hours before the next course session in order to make comments on at least 5 entries each time a Reading Blog Journal is noted in the Course Contents & Distribution Section.
 - ✓ Pop Quizzes: Pop quizzes will be given throughout the semester. A total of 6 pop quizzes will be applied. These short tests consist of two to five questions which will be dictated at any time during the class session. Anyone who is not present without a written excuse will automatically obtain a zero for said quiz. It is recommended that on the occasion a student is unable to attend a class session: (1) the student should inform the professor of the situation prior to the class session and (2) bring a written excuse to class within a week of the absence in order to not receive the said zero.

Bibliography

- Bartholow, et al. America: A Complete History with Biographical Data, Literary Trends and Criticism. New York: _____, 1996.
- Bell, Arthur and Donald Heiney. American Literature: **1930 to Present.** New York: Barron's 1994.
- Foley, Martha (Editor). The Best American Short Stories 1977 and the Year Book of the American Stories. Boston: Houghton Mifflin Company, 1990.
- Gray, Richards. A History of American Literature. Malden: Blakwell, 2004.
- Hinkel, E. **Elements in Second Language Teaching and Learning.** USA: Cambridge University Press, 2000.
- Inge, Thomas. (Editor). American Reader. Washington: United States Information Agency, 1990.
- Lazar, G. Literature and Second Language Teaching. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1993
- Miller, J.E. The United States in Literature (Classic Edition). Glenview IL: Scot Forestman &Co, 1991.

Required Items

Materials compiled by the professor.

Course Policies

- ✓ Reading assignments must be completed before the class under which they are indicated in the Schedule of Topics of this syllabus.
- ✓ All papers will be assigned by the professor. Any paper that does not fulfill the assignment will receive a failing grade.
- ✓ Papers must be typewritten, double-spaced in no larger than12 pitch, and students must adhere to proper MLA format in the typing and preparation of their essay.
- ✓ Be it from the internet or any other source, plagiarism will be punished as harshly as university regulations permit. To plead ignorance about what constitutes plagiarism is not a legitimate defense. The use of material that is not your own X be it a phrase, idea, or word X without giving due credit to the author of that material is considered cheating.

- \checkmark As always, pay careful attention to any changes in the syllabus we might agree upon.
- ✓ Late work will not be accepted.
- ✓ Please note that university rules clearly and emphatically stipulate that all cell phones must be **turned off** during class.
- ✓ The passing grade is 7.0. An Ampliacion Exam will be given to those students who have obtained a 6.0 to a 6.5.

Background:

- During the fifteenth century Medieval Europe experienced a great stability which originated the foundation of the Renaissance. This created a special interest on the discovery of technological accomplishments¹.
- People were gazing for new horizons in religion, art, politics, and geography².
- Eyes were turned towards America, and then, exploration-exploitation began.

Geographical Groups:

The United States was divided into:

a. New England Colonies

- formed by Puritans³ and Pilgrims who looked for religious freedom.
- Puritan redemption was based on a strict code of morality and proper behavior
- mostly established in the New England towns, puritans' activities were centered on shipbuilding companies, trading, and fishing.
- they emphasized on reading and education where the sermon was the literary form of popularity.

b. Middle Colonies

- nicknamed the "bread colonies"
- ethically diverse and culturally mixed⁴
- their activities were based on agriculture, manufacturing, and commerce.
- religious tolerance. Quakers' great influence.

c. Southeast Colonies

- mostly farmers with large plantations that required a huge work force
- this colonies produced less writing than New England colonies.
- religion was an integral part of life but not a means of strong domination.
- William Byrd is most important southern writer.

Explorers and Native Americans

• <u>Columbus</u>: *his influence on Spain*. Wrote letters famous letters describing Indians and the beauty of nature. E.g. A spectacle of great beauty.

- <u>Cabeza de Vaca</u>: wrote journey narrations about nature and wilderness. E.g. The narrative of Alvar Nuñez.
- John Smith: wrote True Relation, the first hand narrative about the English settlement in the new world.

¹ Such as the printing press machine.

² Columbus in America

³ Named Puritans because their attempt to purify the England Church

⁴ Formed by Duchess, Swedish, Germans, French refugees.

Also, he wrote The New Land which is a description of New England.

- <u>William Bradford</u>: wrote about the divine mission. Eg. The History of Plymouth Plantation.
- Sara Kemble Knight: wrote I her Journal of Madam Knight
- <u>William Byrd</u>: wrote about the human and curiosities using a witty style presenting the contrast between New England and Southern.

Native Americans

• They wrote about the welfare for all. E.g. A Song to a New Chief, The Iroquois Constitution (Dakanowidah), Making Peace with the Indians (Robert La Salle)

Divines and Poets

- Cotton Matter: Emphasized topics related to witchcraft.
- <u>Jonathan Edwards</u>: wrote Sinners in the Hands of and Angry God. He was a leader and later became a critic of the religious revival called The great Awakening.
- <u>Anne Bradstreet</u>: her poems reflect emotional depth and sensibility. E.g. To my dear and Loving Husband.
- <u>Edward Taylor</u>: his writing relates religious themes and everyday situations. E.g. Housewife and Make Me, oh Lord.
- <u>Phillis Wheatly:</u> she was considered the pioneer of imaginative literature. Her work is unique because after learning English, she became a prominent writer.
 - At this point, American Literature started to shoe the desire of independence.
- <u>Philip Freneau</u>: called the father of American poetry, he used a fanciful treatment of nature. Also, he introduced the lyric using descriptive verses. The themes he developed were: politics and freedom and nature and romantic fancy. Wrote: The Rising Glory of America.

Philosophers and Statesmen

At the half of the 18th century, many chances were produced:

- Begin the spirit of liberty
- Schools were established
- Commerce was thriving
- Population multiplied
- > Preachers and theologists were replaced by philosophers, statesmen, pamphleteers and poet

Representative Writers:

• <u>Benjamin Franklin</u>: Embodied the aspiration for literary and political independence. Wrote: A witch Trial and Mount Holly.

- <u>Hector John de Crevecouer</u>: focused on the question of originality and national distinction. Wrote: Letters from an American Farmer and What is an American.
- <u>Thomas Jefferson</u>: wrote the most prominent work about nationhood: Declaration of Independence which is the core of American identity and expression.